Understanding the impacts of subway's system interruptions on streetcar and bus transit service performance

TRANSIT DATA 2017: RESEARCH AND APPLICATIONS ON THE USE OF PASSIVE DATA FROM PUBLIC TRANSPORT – MAY 22-24, 2017. SANTIAGO, CHILE

Ehab Diab(ehab.diab@utoronto.ca)Amer Shalaby(amer@ecf.utoronto.ca)



Introduction

- Research gap and study objective
- Study context
- Methodology
- Analysis
- Conclusion
- Future Work



Research Gap

5-A.

Exploring the quality of transit service is traditionally done on a mode-by-mode basis

 Focusing on understanding the impact of different transit improvement strategies (TSP, reserved bus lanes., etc.) or the impacts of events or general factors (weather conditions, distance, number of stops, etc.)





Research Gap

It is rare to find studies that investigated the impacts of poor performance or breakdown of one transit mode on other functioning modes in multimodal integrated transit systems

 This is because, normally, researchers remove periods of major service interruption from their analysis



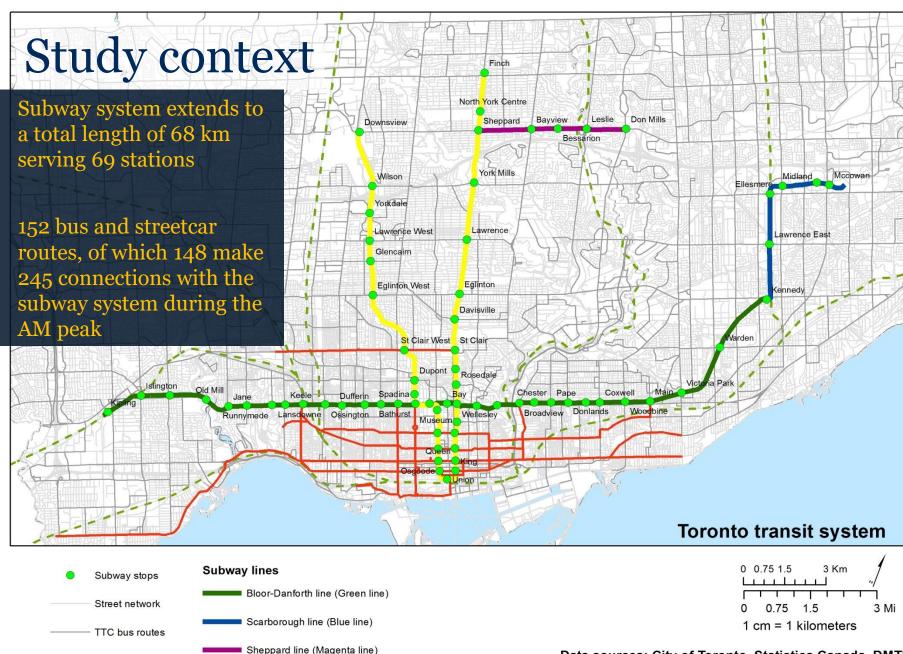
Research Objective

This study aims at understanding the impact of incident and interruption delays of Toronto's subway system on the performance of the surface transit system, namely buses and streetcars



Toronto, Canada

Most populous city in Canada: 2.8 million inhabitants in 2015
 Fourth most populous city in North America
 One of North America's fastest-growing cities: to reach of 3.7 million in 2041
 Transportation Research Institute



Yonge-University-Spadina line (Yellow line)

Go_trains

Streetcar routes

Data sources: City of Toronto, Statistics Canada, DMTI Projection: NAD 1983 Ontario Lambert

Methodology - Data

- Two sets of data:
 - Detailed dataset of subway incidents in 2013 compiled by the Toronto Transit Commission (TTC)

 TTC's Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) system data for bus and streetcar routes that are within a short walking distance (200 m) from the subway stations investigated in this study



Methodology - Data

Subway system interruption data:

- A total of 12,600 subway incidents at the station level of analysis in 2013
- For each record, the TTC's dataset includes:
 - date, time
 - subway station, direction of travel
 - amount of delay (in minutes)
 - train number and type
 - a brief description of the incident and a code representing the incident type



Methodology - Study Time Frame

- The time frame of interest include all weekdays of May 2013
- That month saw the greatest number of incidents with the largest amount of delay, and lowest standard deviations at the system level in 2013

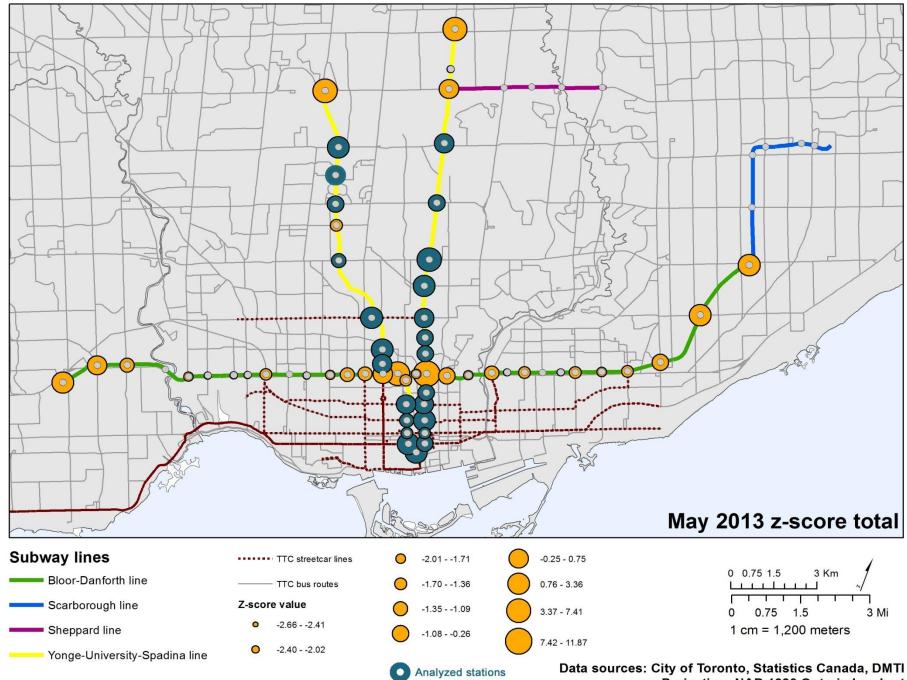




Methodology - Subway Stop Selection

- Focus on 24 subway stations along Line 1 (YUS line)
- These stations were selected according to a composite indicator that was generated to identify the most vulnerable stations in the subway system.





Projection: NAD 1983 Ontario Lambert

Methodology – Analyzed Incidents

 Allowing us to analyze the impacts of **388 incidents** with total **delay of 1702 minutes**, ranging from 2 minutes incidents to 73 minutes incidents



Methodology

- More than 80 million observations were collected from the TTC's AVL system for 41 bus routes and 10 streetcar routes for the weekdays between May 1st and 31st, 2013
 - AVL data include information on bus and streetcar locations (x and y coordinates) recorded every 20 seconds as well as other information related to time of record and route number



Methodology – data preparation

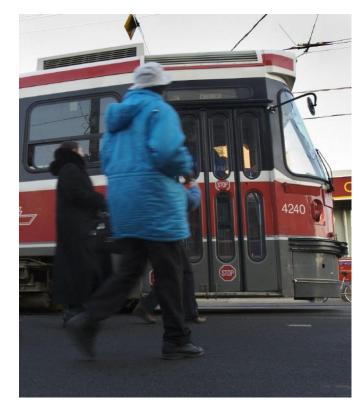
- Trip-time-point segment is the study's unit of analysis
 - defined as the part of a trip over a route section between every two consecutive time points along a route
- Thus, all the variables were summarized according to that
 - E.g., average speed per trip-segment is computed as the average speed of all GPS points of a given trip within a given segment





Methodology – data preparation

- In the analysis, we kept segment that start within 3 kilometres of the Line 1
- Python script was used to clean the data and identify trips in ArcGIS
- After this process, about
 1,170,000 and 780,000 tripsegment records were included in the analysis for the bus and streetcar datasets, respectively





Methodology

- Descriptive statistics
- Two statistical models using the bus and streetcar service average speed (kilometre/hour) per tripsegment as the dependent variable
 - Bus speed model
 - Streetcar speed model



Methodology

Other variables have been tested but they were eliminated from the study due to their insignificance and/or correlation to other used variables such as:

- Subway stations spacing ٠
- *Number of nearby* ٠ bus/streetcar lines (to account for route *competition*)
- *Express routes* ٠
- Headway and Headway² •

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Jology	_	Variable
dology		Direction
	- I	Segment sequence
		Number of scheduled stops
	- i	Adjacent segment (within 200 meters)
		Segment with a layover
	co -	Segment distance (KM)
	Control Variables	Streetcar—Bus
	ia]	Streetcar STC-ALRV
	Var	Streetcar — Flexity
ave been	Ģ	Bus route number i (41 dummy variables)
ere	l li	Streetcar route number <i>i</i> (10 dummy variables)
he study due	Ŝ	Distance to Union Station (KM)
ance and/or	1	Morning peak
er used		Afternoon peak
ci uscu		Early evening
ne enquina		Late evening
ıs spacing rby		Subway station ridership (in thousands)
nes (to		Subway station ridership^2
te		Trips starting within 5 minutes of an incident
	N C	Trips starting within 5-10 minutes of an incident
	Policy variables	Trips starting within 10-20 minutes of an incident
Headway^2	i ni s	Trips starting within 20-30 minutes of an incident
Icululy 2	2 A 2	Trips starting within 30-60 minutes of an incident
	lici	Trips starting within 60+ minutes of an incident
	Po I	Segments after an impacted segment
		Trips in same direction of an incident
OF TORONTO IED SCIENCE & ENGINE	ERING	Trips starting after a cleared incident

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Analysis -Streetcar descriptive statistics

	Trips durin normal op			r a subway dent
	Mean	Std. Dev.	Mean	Std. Dev.
Segment average speed (KM/H)	12.71	5.53	9.65	3.92
Direction	0.497	0.500	0.540	0.498
Time-point sequence	5.765	3.310	6.613	1.540
Number of scheduled stops	4.744	9.604	4.505	2.867
Adjacent segment (within 200 meters)	0.208	0.406	1.000	0.000
Segment with a layover	0.191	0.483	0.131	0.388
Segment distance (KM)	0.992	0.634	0.879	0.413
Streetcar bus	0.099	0.299	0.055	0.229
Streetcar ALRV	0.106	0.308	0.085	0.279
Streetcar Flexity	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000
Average headway	3.847	1.626	3.891	2.019
Distance to Union Station (KM)	2.196	1.490	1.950	1.847
Morning peak	0.182	0.386	0.226	0.419
Afternoon peak	0.237	0.425	0.248	0.432
Early evening	0.133	0.340	0.148	0.355
Late evening	0.126	0.331	0.056	0.231
Trips starting within 5 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.144	0.352
Trips starting within 5-10 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.357
Trips starting within 10-20 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.303	0.460
Trips starting within 20-30 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.269	0.443
Trips starting within 30-60 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.123	0.329
Trips starting within 60+ minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.011	0.105
Time-point after an incident	0.030	0.171	0.000	0.000
Incident in same direction of travel	0.001	0.034	0.132	0.339
Trips starting after a cleared incident	0.000	0.000	0.866	0.341
Number of records	777,	901	2,8	304

Analysis - bus descriptive statistics

	Trips during subway normal operations		Trips after a subway incident	
	Mean	Std. Deviation	Mean	Std. Deviation
Segment average speed (KM/H)	18.22	9.35	14.23	9.56
	- 0.50 0	0.500		0.500
Time-point sequence	6.297	4.320	6.600	5.257
Number of scheduled stops	3.599	2.481	3.069	2.513
Adjacent segment (within 200 meters)	0.298	0.457	1.000	0.000
Segment with a layover	0.173	0.378	0.287	0.453
Segment distance (KM)	1.202	0.801	1.265	0.921
Average headway	7.078	5.870	7.186	6.119
Average headway^2	84.55	157.59	89.08	163.55
Distance to Union Station (KM)	7.886	3.324	8.215	2.821
Morning peak	0.201	0.401	0.286	0.452
Afternoon peak	0.240	0.427	0.370	0.483
Early evening	0.130	0.337	0.076	0.265
Late evening	0.119	0.324	0.063	0.244
Trips starting within 5 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.148	0.355
Trips starting within 5-10 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.366
Trips starting within 10-20 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.298	0.457
Trips starting within 20-30 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.292	0.454
Trips starting within 30-60 minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.103	0.303
Trips starting within 60+ minutes of an incident	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.028
Time-point after an incident	0.033	0.179	0.000	0.000
Incident in same direction of travel	0.004	0.063	0.163	0.369
Trips starting after a cleared incident	0.000	0.000	0.887	0.316
Number of records	1,162,241		10,300	



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Analysis - Models

Streetcar speed model

		Unstandardize	d Coefficients	Standardized Coefficients			95.0% Confider	nce Interval for B
Model		В	Std. Error	Beta	t	Sig.	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
1	(Constant)	10.113	.032		312.398	.000	10.050	10.177
	DIR_of_TT	412	.010	037	-39.379	.000	433	392
	TP	.047	.002	.028	19.749	.000	.042	.052
	Sm_TPStp_count	028	.001	048	-43.338	.000	029	026
	Stops_witihin100	-2.909	.018	215	-163.695	.000	-2.944	-2.875
	Layover	-1.830	.013	160	-143.606	.000	-1.855	-1.805
	Seg_dis	.002	.000	.269	229.598	.000	.002	.002
	BusType	323	.035	017	-9.248	.000	392	- 255
	STC-AIRV	211	.041	012	-5.125	.000	291	130
	Flexity	.406	2.034	.000	.200	.842	-3.581	4.393
	DIST_Union	.000	.000	.130	51.645	.000	.000	.000
	AmP	1.503	.015	.105	99.001	.000	1.473	1.53
	Afternoon_P	721	.014	056	-51.703	.000	748	69
	night_P	1.168	.017	.072	69.479	.000	1.135	1.20
	Early_morning	3.984	.017	.239	231.406	.000	3.950	4.01
	T_riderhsipF1000	033	.003	036	-13.244	.000	038	02
	T_riderhsipF1000_2	.000	.000	.034	13.448	.000	.000	.00
	N30_STR_0_5	442	.272	002	-1.627	.104	975	.09
	N30_STR_5_10	-1.403	.342	006	-4.103	.000	-2.074	73
	N30_STR_10_20	-1.168	.315	007	-3.709	.000	-1.785	55
	N30_STR_20_30	-1.064	.322	006	-3.302	.001	-1.696	43
	N30_STR_within_60	-1.145	.354	004	-3.236	.001	-1.838	45
	N30_STR_above_60	-1.798	.851	002	-2.114	.035	-3.466	13
	Fix_TPs_after_Incident	016	.030	001	-1.711	.092	076	.01
	N30_After_INC_Cleared_ Dummy	1.001	.283	.010	3.538	.000	.447	1.55
	R501	789	.045	042	-17.596	.000	876	70
	R502	697	.047	015	-14.825	.000	789	60
	R503	162	.071	002	-2.278	.023	302	02
	R504	078	.018	005	-4.321	.000	114	04
	R506	.220	.021	.012	10.275	.000	.178	.26
	R509	1.540	.048	.072	32.377	.000	1.447	1.63
	R510	-2.484	.025	154	-99.625	.000	-2.533	-2.43
	R511	-1.194	.027	056	-44.636	.000	-1.247	-1.14
	R512	579	.040	033	-14.375	.000	658	50

a. Dependent Variable: Av_SP_KMH

Bus speed model

Coefficients^a

		Unstandardize	d Coefficiente	Standardized Coefficients			95.0% Confider	nce Interval for
		B	Std. Error	Beta	t t	Sig.	Lower Bound	Upper Boun
Model 1	(Constant)	14.215	.053	Deta	266.535	.000	14.110	14.31
				04.5			.263	.3
	DIR_of_TT TP	.290	.014	.015	21.202	.000		
		.034	.003	.016	11.508	.000	.028	.0
	Sm_TPStp_count	208	.004	055	-49.560	.000	216	2
	Stops_witihin100	-3.941	.017	194	-232.417	.000	-3.974	-3.9
	Layover	-7.691	.023	312	-336.518	.000	-7.736	-7.6
	Seg_dis	.003	.000	.243	204.144	.000	.003	.0
	DIST_Union	.000	.000	.059	44.209	.000	.000	.0
	AmP	.485	.020	.021	24.832	.000	.447	.5
	Afternoon_P	-2.087	.019	095	-112.732	.000	-2.123	-2.0
	night_P	1.968	.022	.071	87.818	.000	1.924	2.0
	Early_morning	6.385	.023	.221	273.918	.000	6.339	6.4
	T_ridership_F1000	033	.003	031	-12.397	.000	039	0
	T_ridership_F1000_2	.000	.000	.033	13.858	.000	.000	.0
	N30_STR_0_5	.062	.195	.000	.321	.748	319	.4
	N30_STR_5_10	.140	.189	.001	.740	.459	230	.5
	N30_STR_10_20	.018	.142	.000	.127	.899	261	.2
	N30_STR_20_30	293	.144	002	-2.033	.042	576	0
	N30_STR_within_60	597	.231	002	-2.583	.010	-1.050	1
	N30_STR_above_60	-3.548	2.589	001	-1.370	.171	-8.623	1.5
	Fix_TPs_after_Incident	432	.038	008	-11.214	.000	507	3
	N30_Same_direction	.357	.201	.001	1.772	.076	038	.7
	R6	-2.395	.048	056	-49.606	.000	-2.489	-2.3
	R5	3.586	.062	.047	58.222	.000	3.465	3.7
	R7	.172	.032	.005	5.311	.000	.109	.2
	R11	2.618	.035	.066	74.753	.000	2.550	2.6
	R14	3.213	.064	.041	50.444	.000	3.088	3.3
	R26	1.371	.078	.014	17.598	.000	1.218	1.5
	R29	.564	.036	.017	15.566	.000	.493	.6
	R33	1.097	.102	.008	10.805	.000	.898	1.2
	R34	3.069	.045	.065	68.168	.000	2.980	3.1
	R51	4.503	.070	.049	64.443	.000	4.366	4.6
	R52	1.914	.035	.051	54.787	.000	1.845	1.9
	R54	3.141	.044	.068	72.090	.000	3.056	3.2
	R58	.656	.048	.011	13.641	.000	.561	.7
	R59	4.653	.068	.052	68.479	.000	4.519	4.7
	R61	.067	.065	.001	1.030	.303	060	.1
	R78	6.064	.082	.058	74.219	.000	5.904	6.2
	R82	4.772	.095	.040	50.361	.000	4.586	4.9
	R88	2.555	.059	.036	43.166	.000	2.439	2.6
	R90	.834	2.440	.000	.342	.733	-3.949	5.6
	R94	-3.683	.066	052	-55.622	.000	-3.813	-3.5
	R95	9.709	.054	.158	178.295	.000	9.602	9.8
	R96	1.234	.041	.027	29.756	.000	1.153	1.3
	R97	2.090	.042	.041	49.452	.000	2.007	2.1
	R100	3.078	.045	.058	67.657	.000	2.989	3.1
	R103	1.058	.043	.009	11.500	.000	.877	1.2
	R104	3.045	.069	.036	43.966	.000	2.909	3.1
	R109	.848	.060	.012	14.216	.000	.731	.9
	R115	10.127	.100	.077	101.262	.000	9,931	10.3
	R120	4.353	.088	.038	49.731	.000	4.182	4.5
	R122	9,943	.080	.098	124.250	.000	9,786	10.1
	R124	1.519	.066	.019	22.962	.000	1.389	1.6
	R124 R126	335	.066	003	-3.512	.000	522	-1
	R120 R127							
	R127 R141	1.245	.078	.013	16.015	.000	1.092	1.3
	R141 R142	-1.129	.178	005	-6.352	.000	-1.478	7
		2.712	.107	.019	25.414	.000	2.503	2.9
	R144	734	.136	004	-5.411	.000	-1.000	-,4
	R145	-1.202	.154	006	-7.812	.000	-1.504	9
	R160	1.468	.070	.017	21.037	.000	1.331	1.6
	R162	5.528	.121	.034	45.619	.000	5.291	5.7
	R165	1.607	.043	.035	36.991	.000	1.522	1.6



Analysis - Streetcar speed model

					95% Conf. Interval		
			Coeff.	Z	Lower	Upper	
					Bound	Bound	
		(Constant)	10.1	312.4 ***	10.1	10.2	
Ν	780,705	Direction	-0.41	-39.38 ***	-0.43	-0.39	
	100,105	Time-point sequence	0.05	19.75 ***	0.04	0.05	
Adjusted R		Number of scheduled stops	-0.03	-43.34 ***	-0.03	-0.03	
Square	0.32	Adjacent segment (within 200 meters)	-2.91	-163.7 ***	-2.94	-2.87	
e quai e		Segment with a layover	-1.83	-143.6 ***	-1.86	-1.81	
F	(33, 780680)	Segment distance (KM)	2.34	229.6 ***	2.32	2.36	
statistics	12193	Streetcar CLRV (Base case)					
— .		Streetcar bus	-0.32	-9.25 ***	-0.39	-0.25	
F sig.	0	Streetcar ALRV	-0.21	-5.12 ***	-0.29	-0.13	
		Streetcar Flexity	0.41	0.20	-3.58	4.39	
		Distance to Union Station (KM)	0.48	51.65 ***	0.46	0.50	
		Morning peak	1.50	99.00 ***	1.47	1.53	
Bold indicat	es statistical	Midday (Base case)					
	oo olallolloal	Afternoon peak	-0.72	-51.70***	-0.75	-0.69	
significance		Early evening	1.17	69.48 ***	1.13	1.20	
*** Significar	nt at 99%	Late evening	3.98	231.41***	3.95	4.02	
** Significan		Subway station ridership (in thousands)	-0.03	-13.24***	-0.04	-0.03	
U U		Subway station ridership^2	0.00	13.45***	0.00	0.00	
* Significant	at 90%	Trips starting during normal operations (base case)					
		Trips starting within 5 minutes of an incident	-0.44	-1.63	-0.98	0.09	
		Trips starting within 5-10 minutes of an incident	-1.40	-4.10***	-2.07	-0.73	
		Trips starting within 10-20 minutes of an incident	-1.17	-3.71***	-1.79	-0.55	
		Trips starting within 20-30 minutes of an incident	-1.06	-3.30***	-1.70	-0.43	
		Trips starting within 30-60 minutes of an incident	-1.14	-3.24***	-1.84	-0.45	
		Trips starting within 60+ minutes of an incident	- <u>1.80</u>	- <u>2.11</u> **	-3.47	-0.13	
÷		Time-point after an incident	-0.02	-1.71*	-0.08	0.01	
UN UN	IVERSITY C	Time-point after a cleared incident	1.00	3.54***	0.45	1.56	

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Analysis - Bus speed model

					95% Conf. Interval		
			Coeff.	Z	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	
Ν	1,172,542	(Constant)	14.21	266.5 ***	14.11	14.32	
	1,112,042	Direction	0.29	21.20 ***	0.26	0.32	
Adjusted	0.39	Time-point sequence	0.03	11.51 ***	0.03	0.04	
R Square	0.39	Number of scheduled stops	-0.21	-49.56 ***	-0.22	-0.20	
-	(04 4470504)	Adjacent segment (within 200 meters)	-3.94	-232.4 ***	-3.97	-3.91	
F	(61, 1172521)	Segment with a layover	-7.69	-336.5 ***	-7.74	-7.65	
statistics	25431	Segment distance (KM)	2.83	204.1 ***	2.81	2.86	
F sig.	0	Distance to Union Station (KM)	0.17	44.21 ***	0.16	0.17	
	•	Morning peak	0.48	24.83***	0.45	0.52	
		Midday (Base case)					
		Afternoon peak	-2.09	-112.7***	-2.12	-2.05	
Early evening		Early evening	1.97	87.82***	1.92	2.01	
	tes statistical	Late evening	6.38	273.9***	6.34	6.43	
significance	;	Subway station ridership (in thousands)	-0.03	-12.40***	-0.04	-0.03	
*** Significa	ont at 99%	Subway station ridership^2	0.00	13.86***	0.00	0.00	
-		Trips starting during normal operations (base case)					
** Significar		Trips starting within 5 minutes of an incident	0.06	0.32	-0.32	0.44	
* Significan	t at 90%	Trips starting within 5-10 minutes of an incident	0.14	0.74	-0.23	0.51	
		Trips starting within 10-20 minutes of an incident	0.02	0.13	-0.26	0.30	
		Trips starting within 20-30 minutes of an incident	-0.29	-2.03**	-0.58	-0.01	
		Trips starting within 30-60 minutes of an incident	-0.60	-2.58***	-1.05	-0.14	
		Trips starting within 60+ minutes of an incident	-3.55	-1.37	-8.62	1.53	
		Time-point after an incident	-0.43	-11.21***	-0.51	-0.36	
		Incident in same direction of travel	0.36	1.77*	-0.04	0.75	



Sensitivity analysis- Streetcar

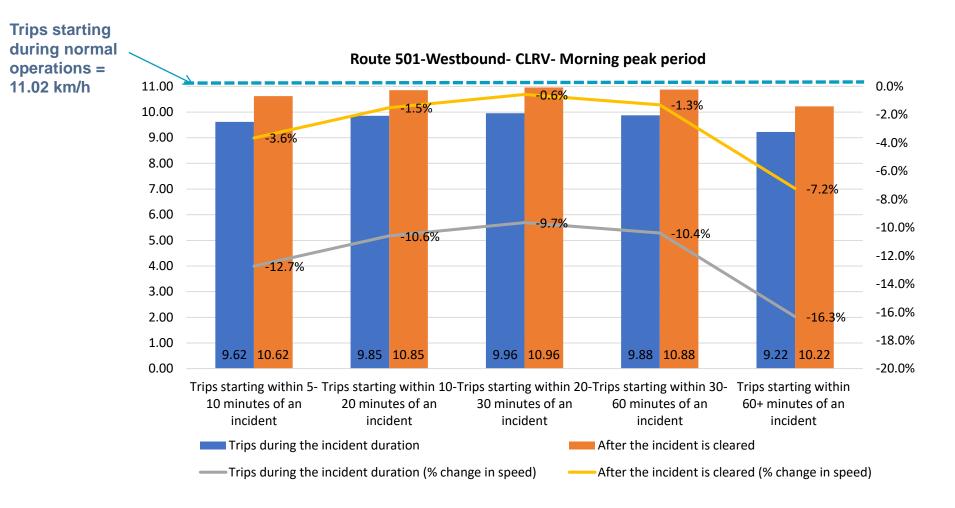
Streetcar line with median speed: Route 501-Westbound- CLRV
 Average speed during different type periods

	Morning peak			Midday / period		Afternoon peak		•		Late evening	
	Speed (Km/h)	%	Speed (Km/h)	×/0	Speed (Km/h)	×/0	Speed (Km/h)	×~	Speed (Km/h)	%	
Trips starting during normal operations	11.02 9.52 8.80 10.69 1		13	.50							
Trips starting within 5 minutes of an incident	11.02	0.0%	9.52	0.0%	8.80	0.0%	10.69	0.0%	13.50	0.0%	0.0%
Trips starting within 5-10 minutes of an incident	9.62	-12.7%	8.12	-14.7%	7.39	-16.0%	9.28	-13.1%	12.10	-10.4%	-13.4%
Trips starting within 10-20 minutes of an incident	9.85	-10.6%	8.35	-12.3%	7.63	-13.3%	9.52	-10.9%	12.33	-8.6%	-11.1%
Trips starting within 20-30 minutes of an incident	9.96	-9.7%	8.45	-11.2%	7.73	-12.1%	9.62	-10.0%	12.44	-7.9%	-10.2%
Trips starting within 30-60 minutes of an incident	9.88	-10.4%	8.37	-12.0%	7.65	-13.0%	9.54	-10.7%	12.36	-8.5%	-10.9%
Trips starting within 60+ minutes of an incident	9.22	-16.3%	7.72	-18.9%	7.00	-20.4%	8.89	-16.8%	11.70	-13.3%	-17.2%
Averages	9.9	-9.9%	8.4	-11.5%	7.7	-12.5%	9.6	-10.3%	12.4	-8.1%	

% of change in speed = (trip speed during an incident category - trip speed during normal operations)/ trip speed during normal operations



Sensitivity analysis- Streetcar





Sensitivity analysis- Streetcar

For bus line with median speed: Route 96 - Eastbound
 Average speed during different type periods

	Morning peak	Midday period	Afternoon peak	Early evening	Late evening	%
	Speed (Km/h) %	Speed (Km/h) %	Speed (Km/h) %	Speed (Km/h) %	Speed % (Km/h)	~
Trips starting during normal operations	17.02 16.53 14.45 18.50 22.9		22.92			
Trips starting within 5 minutes of an incident	17.02 0.0%	16.53 0.0%	14.45 0.0%	18.50 0.0%	22.92 0.0%	0.0%
Trips starting within 5-10 minutes of an incident	17.02 0.0%	16.53 0.0%	14.45 0.0%	18.50 0.0%	22.92 0.0%	0.0%
Trips starting within 10-20 minutes of an incident	17.02 0.0%	16.53 0.0%	14.45 0.0%	18.50 0.0%	22.92 0.0%	0.0%
Trips starting within 20-30 minutes of an incident	16.72 -1.7%	16.24 -1.8%	14.15 -2.0%	18.21 -1.6%	22.62 -1.3%	-1.7%
Trips starting within 30-60 minutes of an incident	16.42 -3.5%	15.94 -3.6%	13.85 -4.1%	17.90 -3.2%	22.32 -2.6%	-3.4%
Trips starting within 60+ minutes of an incident	17.02 0.0%	16.53 0.0%	14.45 0.0%	18.50 0.0%	22.92 0.0%	0.0%
Averages	16.9 -0.9%	16.4 -0.9%	14.3 -1.0%	18.4 -0.8%	22.8 -0.6%	

% of change in speed = (trip speed during an incident category - trip speed during normal operations)/ trip speed during normal operations



Conclusions

- Subway service interruptions have a statistically significant negative impact on bus and streetcar service operations.
- Nevertheless, the intensity of delay varies according to the mode, and the trip starting time category relative to the incident's starting time





Conclusions

- Subway incidents have more immediate and long lasting negative impacts on streetcar service than for buses
- This may be reflecting the TTC's used protocols of deploying buses (or shuttle service) to deal with subway transit service disruptions, when unexpected interruptions occur.
 - The used protocols deploys a very few shuttle service along the south section of the subway system (U-shaped section) where parallel streetcar service is available



Future steps

- Testing and developing of models to understand the impacts of subway incidents on bus service reliability
- Understanding the impacts of different incidents types while controlling for the actual change



Thank you!

TRANSIT DATA 2017: RESEARCH AND APPLICATIONS ON THE USE OF PASSIVE DATA FROM PUBLIC TRANSPORT - 22-23-24 May, 2017. SANTIAGO, CHILE

Ehab Diab(ehab.diab@utoronto.ca)Amer Shalaby(amer@ecf.utoronto.ca)

